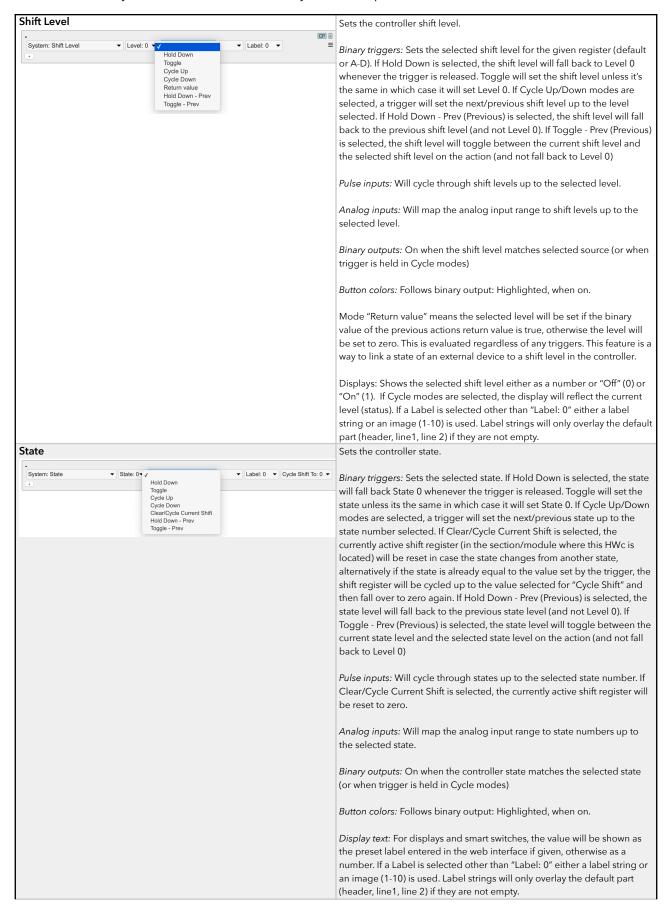
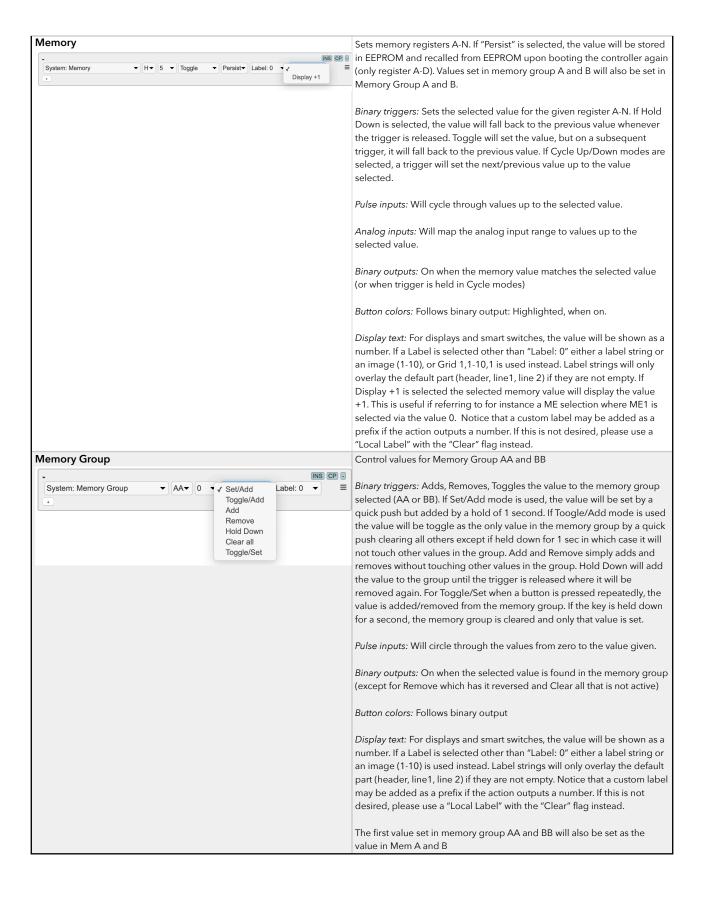
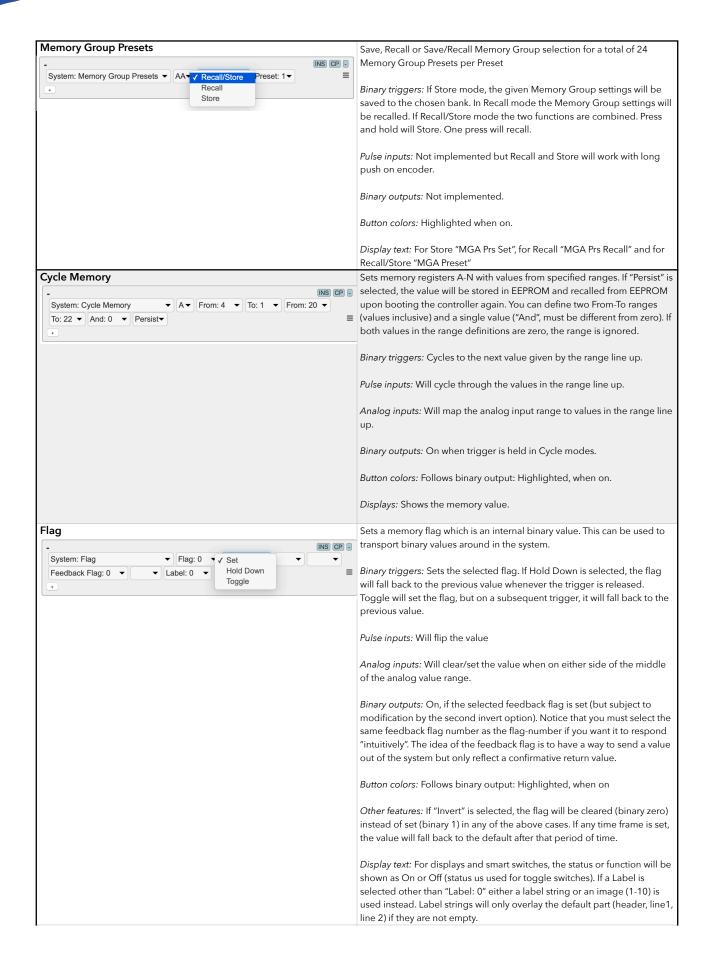
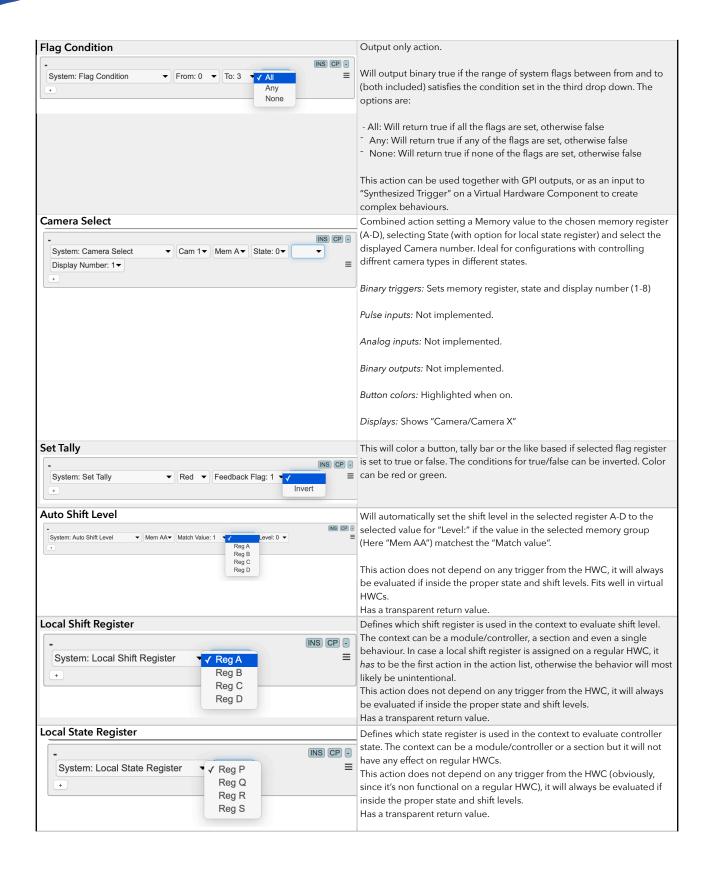
# System Actions

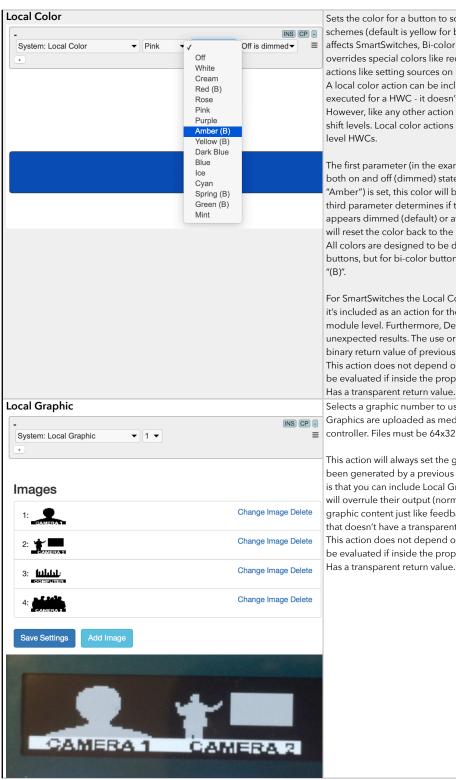
This is a table of system actions available for any UniSketch powered SKAARHOJ controller:











Sets the color for a button to something else than the default color schemes (default is yellow for bi-color, and white for RGB buttons). It affects SmartSwitches, Bi-color and RGB color buttons only. It also overrides special colors like red and green which are often returned for actions like setting sources on Program or Preview/Preset or recording. A local color action can be included anywhere among the actions executed for a HWC - it doesn't have to be the first action for instance. However, like any other action it is evaluated with respect to states and shift levels. Local color actions can be set also on section and controller level HWCs.

The first parameter (in the example "Pink") will set the default color for both on and off (dimmed) state. If the second parameter (in the example "Amber") is set, this color will be used in the off-state of the button. The third parameter determines if the off-state of the new default color appears dimmed (default) or at full brightness. The color called "Default" will reset the color back to the default color schemes.

All colors are designed to be distinctly different from each other on RGB buttons, but for bi-color buttons this is only guaranteed for those marked "(B)".

For SmartSwitches the Local Color action will affect the smartswitch only if it's included as an action for the SmartSwitch HWC - not on section or module level. Furthermore, Default and Off settings may currently render unexpected results. The use or On or Off color is evaluated based on the binary return value of previous actions in the behavoir.

This action does not depend on any trigger from the HWC, it will always be evaluated if inside the proper state and shift levels.

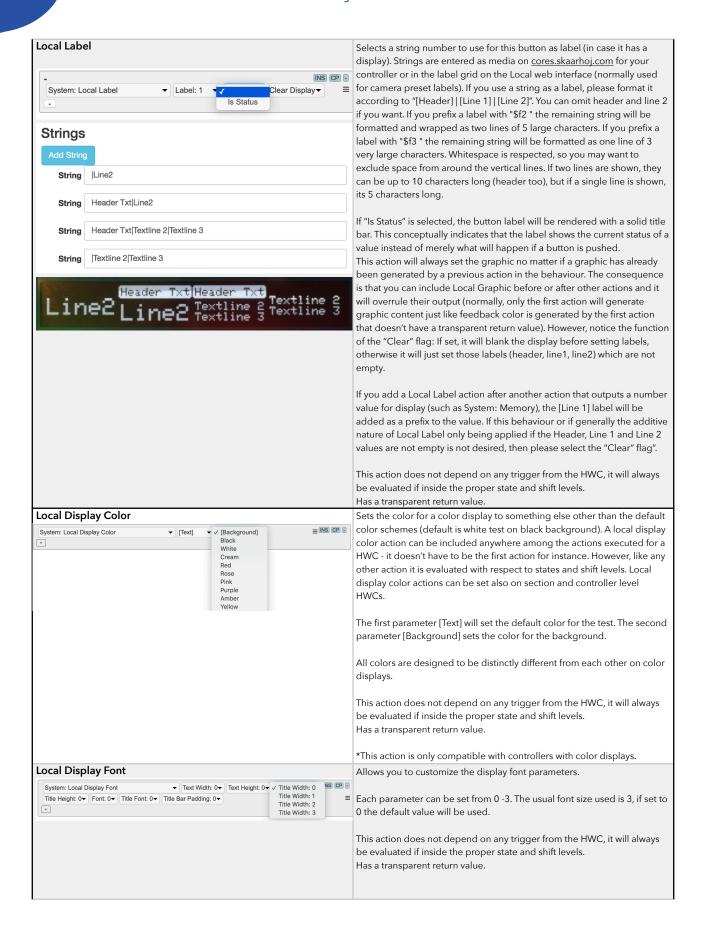
Selects a graphic number to use for this button (in case it has a display).

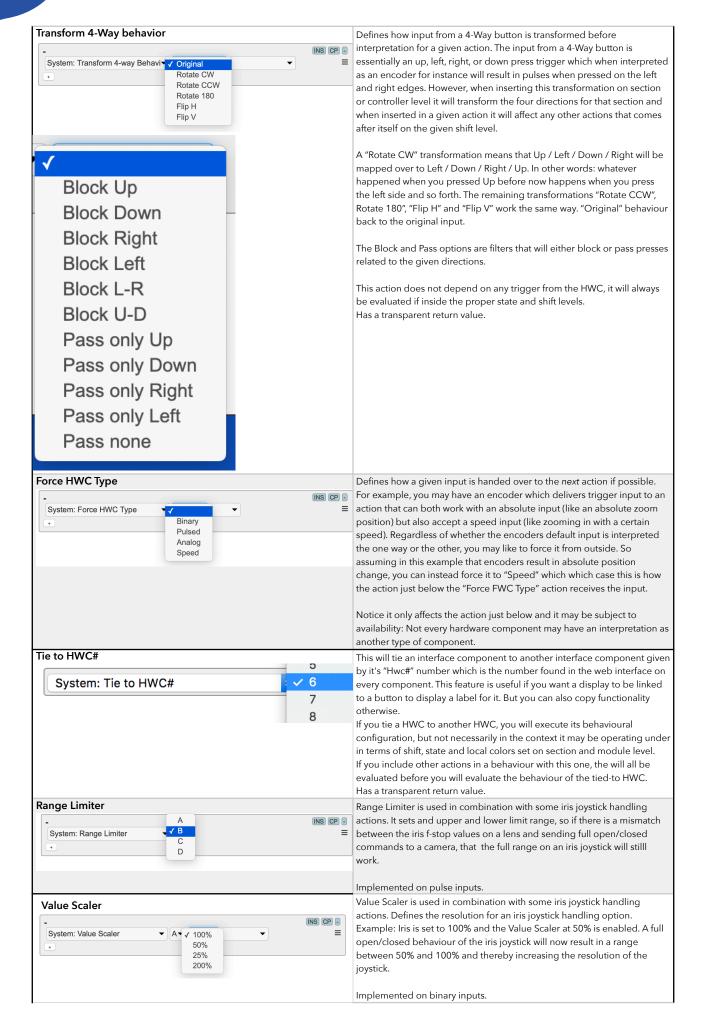
Graphics are uploaded as media on <u>cores.skaarhoj.com</u> for your

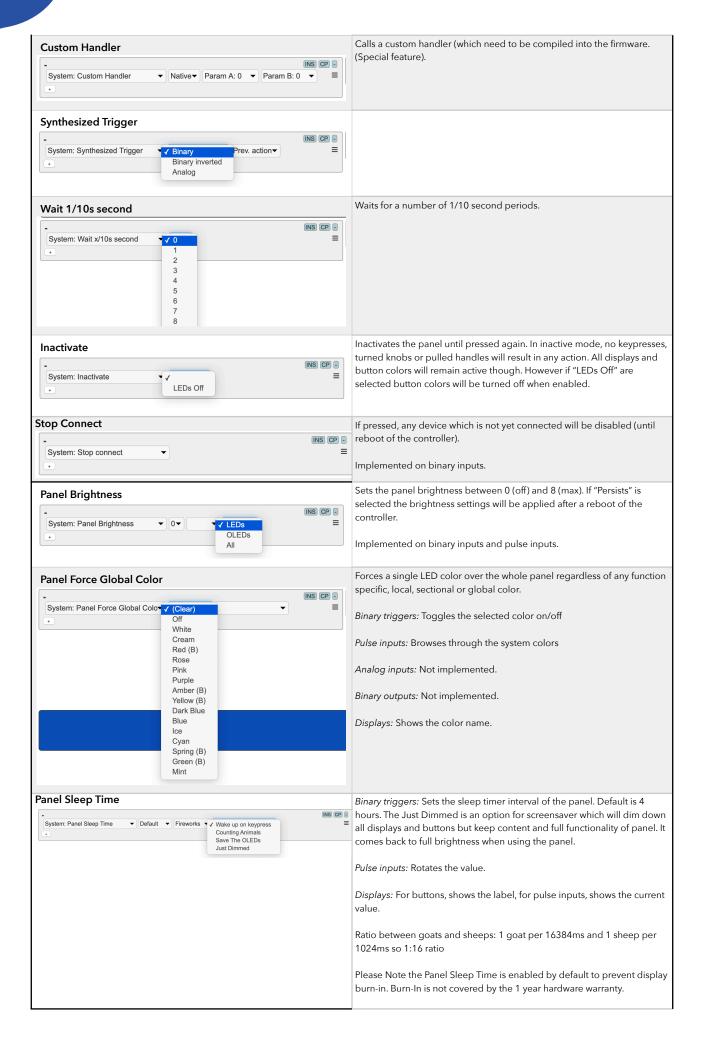
controller. Files must be 64x32 pixels black and white.

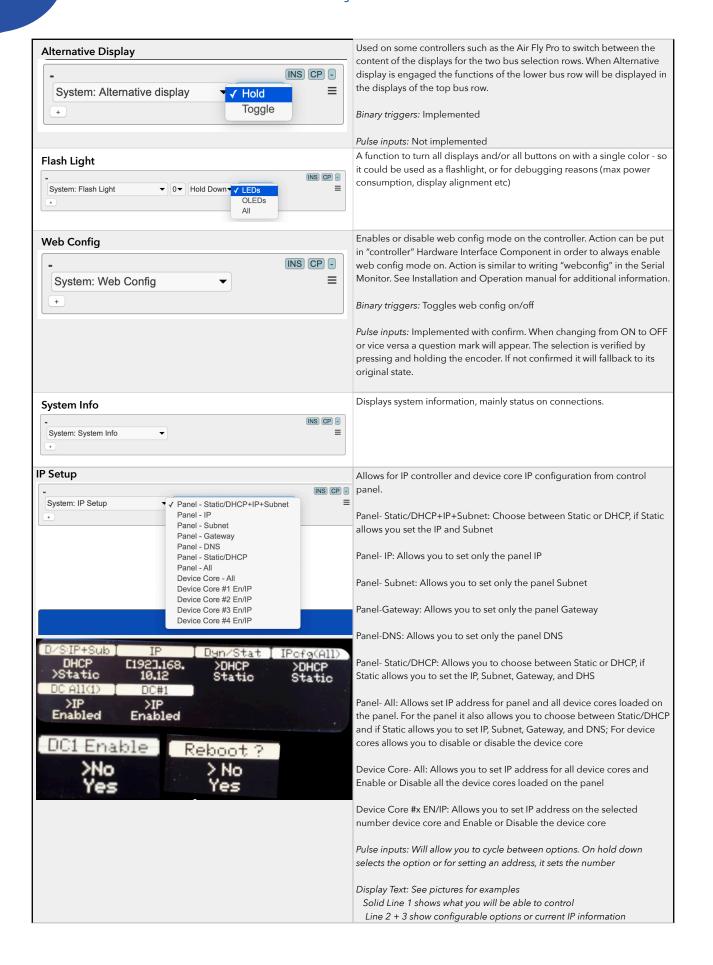
This action will always set the graphic no matter if a graphic has already been generated by a previous action in the behaviour. The consequence is that you can include Local Graphic before or after other actions and it will overrule their output (normally, only the first action will generate graphic content just like feedback color is generated by the first action that doesn't have a transparent return value).

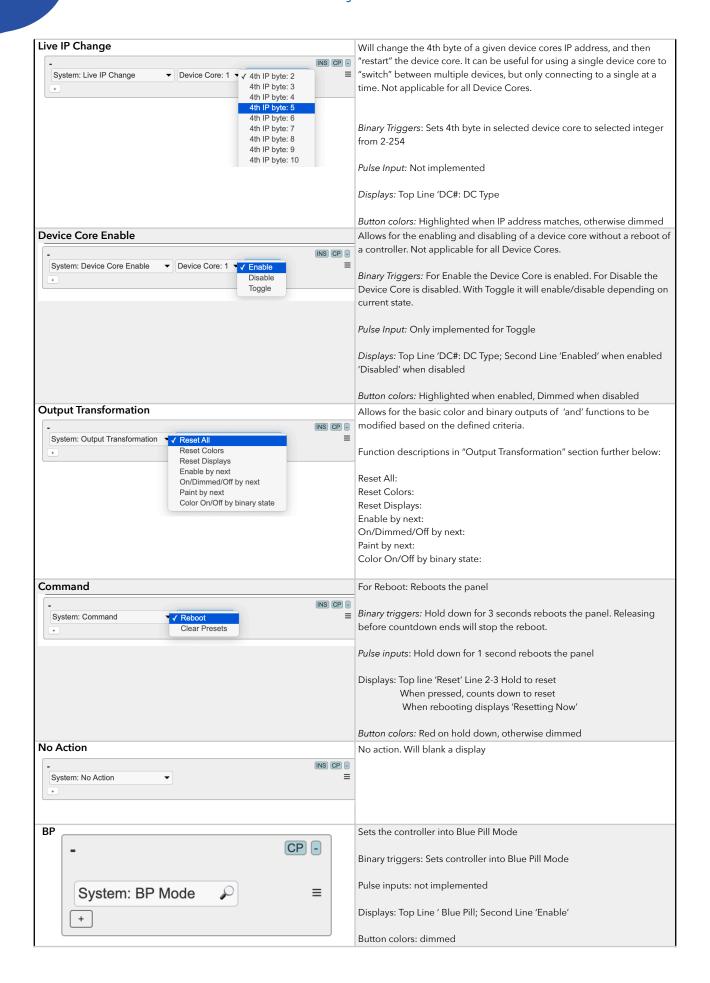
This action does not depend on any trigger from the HWC, it will always be evaluated if inside the proper state and shift levels. Has a transparent return value.











## System Actions and Virtual HWCs

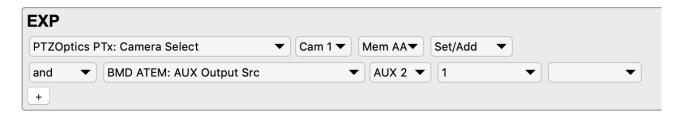
Virtual HWCs such as Controller, Module and Section elements will receive an actDown trigger the first time the behaviour is ever evaluated. This allows you to place system actions such as setting a flag, state, shift level or similar in a virtual HWC and have it set to a particular value when the controller boots.

### **Output Transformation**

Output Transformation modifies the basic color and binary output of a behaviour. (Definition: A behaviour is the collective of actions applied to a given hardware component in a given state - so: all actions listed for a HWC in a state column). Normally, the first action that returns something else than zero (off) will define how a button lights up: Whether it's dimmed or highlighted (or a relay is off or on), or even red, green or yellow as is the case for program/preview related actions. When this action is added to the list of actions in a behaviour it can modify this priority:

• **Reset All**: If set, then the output value is simply reset and whatever action comes next that returns something else than zero gets to set the button color. Display contents also gets reset.

Use case:



Consider these two actions set for a camera selector. The intention is to select a camera and also send a route to an AUX output on a switcher when the button is pressed. If there is a connection to the camera, the buttons will light up with a dimmed or highlighted color, and the state of the routing is suppressed. However, if the camera device core returns zero (if no camera is detected), then the state of the routing will shine through. You most likely want the camera selector to always dominate in this case, and using an Output Transformation can help by swapping the order of the two actions and insert a reset in between. In that case, it's always driven by the state of the camera selector:

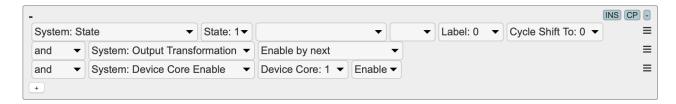


- Reset Color resets only the color but passes on display content
- Reset Displays resets only displays, but passes on color

• Enable by next: In such a case, the output value before the output transformation will be preserved only if the action after the output transformation returns true, otherwise it will be reset. The first action after the output transformation will not receive any triggers in this case. Notice that the actions before the transformation will receive triggers - the output transformation only "hides" them based on the criteria of the return value of the action after the output transformation.

*Notice:* Some Camera Select actions will not work properly as the action after the output transformation - this is because they manipulate the return values directly which in this case destroys the logic.

Use case could be a state selector which you want to de-color in case a device core is not enabled. This would be done with the action below.



• On/Dimmed/Off by next: In this case an "AND" operation is performed between color states of the previous and next action. If the first action returns an highlighed color, it will only be shown as highlighted if the action after the output transformation is also highlighted. The first action after the output transformation will receive a trigger (unlike how "Enable by next" works).

Use case could be a key that selects both a source for the keyer and then toggles the keyer. In that case may want to only show the key as highlighted if the assigned source is selected *and* if the keyer is toggled on. This is achieved like this:



• Paint by next: In this case, the dimmed or highlighted state that exists before the output transformation will be preserved, but colored with the color coming from the action after the output transformation. The first action after the output transformation will not receive any triggers in this case. The coloring that can get picked up from the action after the output transformation is only yellow, red or green as they come out of ...

Notice: Some Camera Select actions will not work properly as the action after the output transformation - this is because they manipulate the return values directly which in this case destroys the logic. Also, System Actions cannot be used to paint previous actions (because the feature is mainly designed to paint with tally colors from device core actions).

Use case could be a camera selector action where you want color the buttons red/green with tally information from a vision mixer (both in case of highlighted and dimmed):



Additional example provided in the section "Combining Camera Select and Preview/Program Select" further below.

• Color On/Off by binary state: In this case, the return value that exists when the output transformation is called will be transformed to be either on or off based on what the binary flag of the original return value was.

For example, an action which uses highlighed (binary on) / dimmed (binary off) and possibly colored with special colors like red, green or yellow (such as tally related actions) will not only be highlighted (on) or completely off, and that is with the default color at that hardware component.

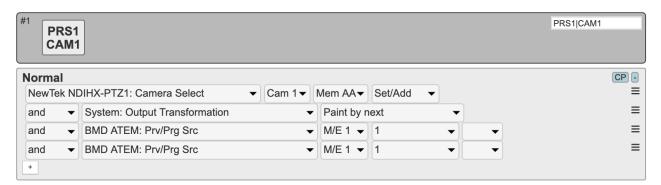


## Combining Camera Select and Preview/Program Select

In cases such as on the PTZ Wiz where you have a button functioning as a camera selector *and* for setting preview/program select on a ATEM Switcher it is desirable to have

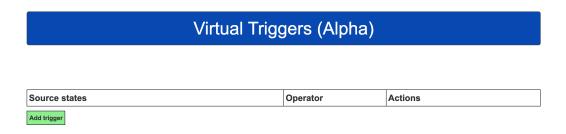
- Proper feedback in a button if camera have been selected
- Proper feedback in a button if that particular camera is on preview/program (or if the preview/program source have been changed elsewhere)
- Proper feedback for Camera Select or Preview/Program Select if one of the Device Cores are not connecting

To achieve the above the Output Transformation Paint by Next is *utilized* but the preview/program action **must** be added as an additional action as the Paint by next will not trigger the preview/program action but simply use it to reflect colors. A example is given below



## Virtual Triggers

Virtual Triggers are available on all UniSketch OS controllers and allow the user to add increased functionality to a controller where a hardware component might not be needed.



There are three parts to a Virtual Trigger:

**Source state**- The action(s) you want to trigger another event

**Operator**- Sets the conditions for the trigger. Setting to Active enables the trigger. Invert will execute the trigger when the conditions of the Source State are not TRUE. AND (all) will activate this trigger if ALL specified conditions in source state are TRUE. OR (any) will activate trigger if AT LEAST ONE source condition is TRUE. Lastly, XOR will activate trigger if ONE OR THE OTHER (but not both) source state conditions are TRUE. This could be interpreted for multiple sources as "if there is at least one different value, f.ex. 5 sources are TRUE and one is FALSE". If all are TRUE or all are FALSE, this will not activate.

Actions- The action(s) you would like triggered by another event

**Example**: setting camera tally from a BMD Atem using Virtual Triggers.

